

Northern Bear

Annual Report & Accounts 2008



Board of Directors

- | | | |
|--------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|
| 1. Jon Pither | Executive Chairman | Northern Bear Plc |
| 2. Graham Forrest | Chief Executive Officer | Northern Bear Plc |
| 3. David Jay | Finance Director | Northern Bear Plc |
| 4. Steve Gray | Operations Director | Northern Bear Plc |
| 5. Keith Soulsby | Operations Director | Northern Bear Plc |
| 6. Graham Jennings | Operations Director | Northern Bear Plc |



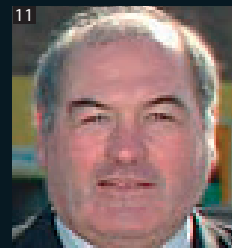
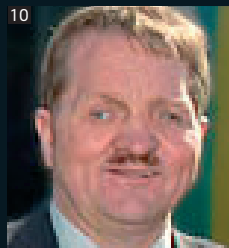
Non-Executive Directors

- | | | |
|------------------|------------------------|-------------------|
| 1. Howard Gold | Deputy Chairman | Northern Bear Plc |
| 2. Marcus Yeoman | Non-Executive Director | Northern Bear Plc |
| 3. Steve Roberts | Non-Executive Director | Northern Bear Plc |



Subsidiaries

- | | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| 1. John Gilstin | Managing Director | Isoler |
| 2. Kevin Gray | Managing Director | Roof Truss and Floor Joist |
| 3. Keith Muldoon | Managing Director | Springs Roofing |
| 4. Ian Young | Manager Director | Wensley Roofing |
| 5. Lance Rainey | Managing Director | MGM |
| 6. Brian Young | Managing Director | MGM |
| 7. David Wales | Managing Director | Chirmarn |
| 8. Gary Burton | General Manager | Hastie Burton |
| 9. Martin Briggs | Acting Managing Director | Jennings Roofing |
| 10. Graeme Tennick | Managing Director | A1 Trucks |
| 11. Derek Wymes | Managing Director | A1 Trucks |
| 12. David McGough | Managing Director | DJ McGough |



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Advisers

Auditor

KPMG Audit PLC
Quayside House
110 Quayside
Newcastle upon Tyne
NE1 3DX

Broker

St Helens Capital PLC
15 St Helens Place
London
EC3A 6DE

Bankers

Yorkshire Bank
94 Albion Street
Leeds
LS1 6AG

Secondary Broker

Redmayne Bentley
1 Skipton Road
Ilkley
LS29 9EH

Legal Advisers

Mincoffs Solicitors LLP
5 Osborne Terrace
Jesmond
Newcastle upon Tyne
NE2 1SQ

Registered Office

Unit 1 Station House
Station Road
Chester-le-Street
County Durham
DH3 3DU

Nominated Adviser

Strand Partners Limited
26 Mount Row
London
W1K 3SQ

Chairman's statement

Introduction

I am delighted to announce a strong set of results for the year ended 31 March 2008, our first full financial year as a listed company. We have successfully pursued our growth strategy, completing four acquisitions during the period, all of which have contributed to delivering significant increases in both turnover and earnings per share. On 1 April 2008, we successfully completed the acquisitions of DJ McGough Ltd and A1 Industrial Trucks Ltd for a combined consideration of £7.2 million.

Given the current pipeline of potential acquisitions and the Company's expected ability to finance future acquisitions, I am confident that the business is in a strong position to achieve its objective of becoming a leading supplier of support services to the building and construction industry in the north of England.

Results

During the 12 months to 31 March 2008, the Company generated revenue of £32.2 million (2007: £4.8 million), a profit before tax of £2.3 million (2007: £0.1 million) and EPS of 10.3p (2007: 0.5p). In line with the Board's strategy to generate significant value for its shareholders, we continue to focus on Adjusted EPS (before share based payments and exceptional finance expense) growth, which increased to 14.3p (2007: 1.4p) and have therefore proposed to pay a final dividend of 2p per share, making a total dividend for the year of 3p per share. The final dividend is subject to shareholders' approval in the forthcoming Annual General Meeting scheduled for 30 June 2008 and will be payable on 4 July 2008 to registered shareholders as at 6 June 2008.

Strategic development

Northern Bear's strategy is to acquire established cash generative building services businesses based in the north of England and to further augment these acquisitions by organic growth. The aim is to become the preferred buyer of mature, owner-managed businesses that complement and extend the range of support services and products already provided by the Company.

During the year we continued this strategy with the acquisition of four companies, and a further two on 1 April 2008, all of which operate in the building services sector. The businesses we have acquired are predominantly focused on servicing local authorities, government and public funded customers and also provide a widening spread of sector services such as asbestos removal, plant hire, plumbing and gas fitting. As a result, our dependence on new house building is now only 13% on an annualised basis, whereas 49% of turnover comes from the public sector.

The problems in the new house building sector of the economy are well documented and conditions remain challenging, however, we feel confident that these markets will improve and it is important that we retain a presence in these areas. In the long term, I would see up to 20% of our turnover being generated in the new house building sector.

Social housing remains a buoyant market with significant potential for further growth. Under the Decent Homes Initiative, all local authorities are required to bring social housing stock up to a decent standard. Central government is investing approximately £3.5 billion each year on the initiative and we expect this commitment to last well beyond 2010. The government's commitment to investing in housing, schools and hospitals has created a positive market environment, and longer term we expect this to continue through significant, ongoing capital works programmes.

As Northern Bear is now repositioned, I am pleased to announce that the Company will be reclassified from the FTSE building materials sector into the FTSE support services sector in the quarterly index rebalancing in June of this year.

Finance

The Company entered into new banking arrangements with Yorkshire Bank in November 2007 which now comprise, having been further extended in April 2008, facilities totalling £11.5 million, used to support acquisition financing. At 31 March 2008, net debt stood at £6.5 million. As a result of the acquisitions completed on 1 April 2008, net debt increased by £3.3 million to £9.8 million.

Chairman's statement *(continued)*

People

The quality of our staff is fundamental to the levels of service we are able to provide to our clients and as such is our greatest asset. The majority of our senior team have been with their respective businesses in excess of 20 years and retaining such people is key to our continued success.

Since the period end, the Company announced the appointment of Graham Jennings to the Board as an Operations Director on 8 April 2008. Mr Jennings has been involved in the roofing industry in the north of England for 34 years, and brings vast experience and knowledge of the industry including many long standing relationships with blue chip customers.

We are well positioned for the next stage of our development, with a focused and experienced management team. We are very aware of the need for management succession as it is key to the longevity of our business and in this regard, successors to each managing director have already been identified and are being mentored, trained and prepared for ultimate succession.

We are delighted to welcome new employees into the Company. At the time of our flotation in December 2006, we had approximately 160 employees; this has now grown threefold to well over 500 currently.

On behalf of the Board, I would like to thank all our staff for their significant contribution to the growth of the business so far and I look forward to its continuing development.

Outlook

The Company is in a strong financial position to continue the pattern of growth set over the last 18 months. Since the year end we have successfully completed two further acquisitions, for a combined consideration of £7.2 million. The success of the Company's activities to date has led to significant vendor interest, resulting in a strong pipeline of potential acquisitions.

I am looking forward to our development in the years ahead. We have a firm financial base, a clear strategy and are in a strong position to continue our excellent progress.

On behalf of the Board, we thank you for your continued support of the Company.

Jon Pither
Chairman

21 May 2008

Directors' report

The Directors present their directors' report and financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008.

Business review

Principal activities

The principal activity of the Group is to acquire and continue to operate businesses in the North of England active in the building services sector, and to further augment these acquisitions by organic growth.

All acquired businesses must demonstrate consistent profitability, positive operating cash-flows and have experienced management who are prepared to make a long term commitment to the business.

Objective and strategy

The Directors' objective is to continue to apply the strategy which has proved successful to date; namely to acquire mature owner managed businesses that complement and extend the range of support services and products already provided by the Group.

The Directors believe that an opportunity for continued growth for the Group is the need of founders and operators of small, self contained, profitable businesses to realise all or part of their equity.

The Directors believe that the Group is well placed to be able to make further acquisitions of similar businesses to those acquired to date by taking advantage of the Directors' industry and professional contacts in the North of England.

Northern Bear aims to satisfy the consideration for future acquisitions using a combination of cash and the issue of ordinary shares. The Directors believe that this consideration structure should ensure that the vendors have a significant financial interest in the continued progress of the business they have sold and the Group as a whole.

Statement on risks relating to the Group's business

The nature of the building services industry means that the Group is subject to a number of risk factors. Some of these factors apply to the building services industry generally, while others are specific to the Group's activities within that market.

Investment objectives

There can be no guarantee that the strategy of the Group will be achieved.

Economic stability

The success of an investment in the Group depends, in part, on the stability of the economic situation in the North of England. This risk reduces as the scope of the Group's activities widens.

Key clients

There can be no guarantee that the Group's clients will not change suppliers.

Dependence on personnel

The Group is dependent on the principal members of its management. Retaining qualified personnel, consultants and advisers will be important to the Group's success. There can be no assurance that the Group will be able to recruit or retain its personnel on acceptable terms given the competition for such personnel from competing businesses. The loss of any of the Group's personnel could impede the achievement of its objectives.

Financial position

The strong cash generation during the year together with the low gearing and substantial interest cover put the Company in a robust financial position.

Future outlook

As outlined in the Chairman's Statement, the Group is in a strong financial position to continue growth, not least through the acquisitions of DJ McGough Ltd and A1 Industrial Trucks Ltd on 1 April 2008, and a strong pipeline of potential acquisitions.

Directors' report (continued)

Business review (continued)

Proposed dividend

The Directors have proposed a final ordinary dividend in respect of the current financial year of 2p per share. This has not been included within creditors as it was not approved before the year end.

Dividends paid during the year comprise an interim dividend in respect of the year ended 31 March 2008 of 1p per share.

Directors and Directors' interests

The Directors who held office during the year were as follows:

JP Pither	
GSL Forrest	
SM Roberts	
M Yeoman	
HB Gold	
K Soulsby	(appointed 19 April 2007)
S Gray	(appointed 19 April 2007)
D Jay	(appointed 11 May 2007)
GR Jennings	(appointed 8 April 2008)
RRE Stanley	(resigned 11 May 2007)

The Directors who held office at the end of the financial year had the following interests in the ordinary shares of the Company according to the register of Directors' interests:

	Interest at end of year	Interest at beginning of year
GSL Forrest	2,553,014	2,635,014
JP Pither	2,477,914	2,474,914
S Gray	827,282	-
SM Roberts	753,000	750,000
D Jay	543,000	-
K Soulsby	497,820	495,870
HB Gold	20,000	-
M Yeoman	3,333	-

The Directors who held office at the end of the financial year had the following warrants, at a price of £1.45 per share:

	Interest at end of year	Interest at beginning of year
GSL Forrest	1,000,000	-
JP Pither	-	-
S Gray	-	-
SM Roberts	-	-
D Jay	-	-
K Soulsby	-	-
HB Gold	-	-
M Yeoman	50,000	-

From 11 May 2007, all the Directors benefited from qualifying third party indemnity provisions up to and including the date of this report.

Directors' report (continued)

Significant shareholdings

At 3 April 2008, the Company had been notified or was aware of the following shareholders with 3% or more of the issued share capital of the Company:

Shareholder	Number of ordinary shares in which interested	% of issued share capital
GSL Forrest	2,553,014	13.6%
JP Pither	2,477,914	13.2%
Octopus Asset Management	1,248,818	6.7%
S Gray	827,282	4.4%
G Jennings	814,569	4.3%
Singer and Friedlander	810,225	4.3%
SM Roberts	753,000	4.0%
JJ Lightle	630,432	3.4%
K Gray	615,548	3.3%
Bell Lawrie	614,806	3.3%
Noble Fund Managers Nominee Limited	594,545	3.2%
G Tennick	591,251	3.2%
D Wymes	591,251	3.2%

Political and charitable contributions

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries made any political contributions during the year (2007: £nil). Charitable donations amounted to £nil (2007: £3,500).

Corporate governance

The Directors recognise the value of the revised Combined Code issued in July 2004.

The Company, whilst not bound by the Combined Code, seeks to comply with the code so far as is practicable and appropriate for a public company of its size. The Company also seeks to follow the recommendations on corporate governance of the Quoted Companies Alliance (QCA).

The Board has established an audit committee and a remuneration committee, each of which comprises the Non-Executive Directors with formally delegated duties and responsibilities.

The audit committee receives and reviews reports from the Company's auditors relating to the annual and interim accounts and the accounting and internal control systems in use throughout the Group. The audit committee has unrestricted access to the Company's auditors.

The remuneration committee reviews the scale and structure of the Executive Directors' remuneration and the terms of their service contracts. The remuneration and terms and conditions of appointment of the Non-Executive Directors are set by the board. The remuneration committee also administers the Group's share option schemes.

Employees

The Group provides equal opportunities to all staff and employees and recruits the most suitably qualified person for each position. Full and fair consideration is given to applications for employment from disabled persons. All necessary assistance with initial training courses is given. Once employed, a career plan is developed so as to ensure suitable opportunities for each disabled person. Where an existing employee becomes disabled, the Group's policy is to provide continuing employment under normal terms and conditions wherever possible.

The Directors recognise the importance of good communications and inform and consult with employees' representatives on all matters likely to affect them.

The Group operates a range of schemes to involve employees in the financial performance of the business including profit related and other cash bonus arrangements and share option schemes.

Directors' report *(continued)*

Annual general meeting

The business of the AGM is set out in the accompanying circular to shareholders. The AGM is to be held at 5th Floor, Quayside House, 110 Quayside, Newcastle upon Tyne, NE1 3DX on 30 June 2008.

Disclosure of information to auditors

The Directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' Report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware; and each Director has taken all the steps that they ought to have taken as a Director to make themselves aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

In accordance with Section 384 of the Companies Act 1985, a resolution for the re-appointment of KPMG Audit Plc as auditors of the Company is to be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting.

By order of the Board

D Jay
Secretary

Unit 1 Station House
Station Road
Chester-le-Street
Co Durham
DH3 3DU

6 June 2008

Statement of Directors' responsibilities in respect of the Directors' Report and the financial statements

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the Directors to prepare Group and parent company financial statements for each financial year. As required by the AIM rules of the London Stock Exchange they are required to prepare the Group financial statements in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the EU and applicable laws and have elected to prepare the parent company financial statements on the same basis.

The Group and parent company financial statements are required by law to present fairly the financial position and the performance of the company; the Companies Act 1985 provides in relation to such financial statements that references in the relevant part of that Act to financial statements giving a true and fair view are references to their achieving a fair presentation.

In preparing each of the Group and parent company financial statements, the Directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether they have been prepared in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the EU; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group and parent company will continue in business.

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that its financial statements comply with the Companies Act 1985. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities.

The Directors' are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Group's website. Legislation in the UK governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from legislation in other jurisdictions.



KPMG Audit Plc
Quayside House
110 Quayside
Newcastle upon Tyne
NE1 3DX
United Kingdom

Independent Auditors' report to the members of Northern Bear Plc

We have audited the Group and parent company financial statements (the 'financial statements') of Northern Bear plc for the year ended 31 March 2008 which comprise the Consolidated Income Statement, the Consolidated and Company Statements of Changes in Equity, the Consolidated and Company Balance Sheets, the Consolidated and Company Cash Flow Statements and the related notes. These financial statements have been prepared under the accounting policies set out therein.

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body, in accordance with section 235 of the Companies Act 1985. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of Directors and Auditors

The directors' responsibilities for preparing the financial statements and Directors' Report in accordance with applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the EU, are set out in the Statement of Directors' Responsibilities on page 9.

Our responsibility is to audit the financial statements in accordance with relevant legal and regulatory requirements and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland).

We report to you our opinion as to whether the financial statements give a true and fair view and whether the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985. We also report to you whether in our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

In addition we report to you if, in our opinion, the company has not kept proper accounting records, if we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or if information specified by law regarding Directors' remuneration and other transactions is not disclosed.

We read the Directors' Report and consider the implications for our report if we become aware of any apparent misstatements within it.

Basis of audit opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) issued by the Auditing Practices Board. An audit includes examination, on a test basis, of evidence relevant to the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. It also includes an assessment of the significant estimates and judgments made by the Directors in the preparation of the financial statements, and of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the group's and company's circumstances, consistently applied and adequately disclosed.

We planned and performed our audit so as to obtain all the information and explanations which we considered necessary in order to provide us with sufficient evidence to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or other irregularity or error. In forming our opinion we also evaluated the overall adequacy of the presentation of information in the financial statements.

Independent auditors' report to the members of Northern Bear Plc *(continued)*

Opinion

In our opinion:

- the financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the EU, of the state of the Group's affairs as at 31 March 2008 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- the parent company financial statements give a true and fair view, in accordance with IFRSs as adopted by the EU, of the state of the parent company's affairs as at 31 March 2008;
- the financial statements have been properly prepared in accordance with the Companies Act 1985; and
- the information given in the Directors' Report is consistent with the financial statements.

KPMG Audit Plc
Chartered Accountants
Registered Auditor

6 June 2008

Consolidated Income Statement
for year ended 31 March 2008

	<i>Note</i>	Year ended 31 March 2008		Period from incorporation to 31 March 2007	
		£000	£000	£000	£000
Revenue			32,241		4,751
Cost of sales			(22,777)		(3,459)
Gross profit			<u>9,464</u>		<u>1,292</u>
Other operating income	6		46		9
Administrative expenses					
Share based payments		(196)		(28)	
Other administrative expenses		(6,106)		(1,020)	
			<u>(6,302)</u>		<u>(1,048)</u>
Operating profit			<u>3,208</u>		<u>253</u>
Finance income	10		64		14
Finance expenses	10				
Exceptional expense		(407)		-	
Other finance expense		(613)		(184)	
			<u>(1,020)</u>		<u>(184)</u>
Profit before income tax			<u>2,252</u>		<u>83</u>
Taxation	11		(694)		(65)
Profit for the period			<u>1,558</u>		<u>18</u>
Basic earnings per share	12		<u>10.3p</u>		<u>0.5p</u>
Diluted earnings per share	12		<u>9.4p</u>		<u>0.5p</u>

All results derive from continuing operations.

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity
for year ended 31 March 2008

	Year ended 31 March 2008 £000	Period from incorporation to 31 March 2007 £000
Profit for the period	1,558	18
Shares issued	6,556	9,570
Share based payments	196	28
Dividends	(169)	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net increase in total equity	8,141	9,616
Total equity at start of period	9,616	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total equity at end of period	17,757	9,616
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

Company Statement of Changes in Equity
for year ended 31 March 2008

	Year ended 31 March 2008 £000	Period from incorporation to 31 March 2007 £000
Loss for the period	(1,921)	(357)
Shares issued	6,556	9,570
Share based payments	196	28
Dividends	(169)	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net increase in total equity	4,662	9,241
Total equity at start of period	9,241	-
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Total equity at end of period	13,903	9,241
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

Consolidated Balance Sheet
at 31 March 2008

	Note	2008 £000	2007 £000
Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	14	2,177	1,718
Intangible assets	15	20,788	12,414
Other investments	16	11	11
Deferred tax assets	17	11	-
Total non-current assets		22,987	14,143
Inventories	18	311	197
Trade and other receivables	19	8,165	3,990
Prepayments for current assets		277	185
Cash and cash equivalents	20	714	494
Total current assets		9,467	4,866
Total assets		32,454	19,009
Equity			
Share capital	24	170	120
Share premium	24	5,021	1,479
Reserves	24	10,935	7,971
Retained earnings	24	1,631	46
Total equity attributable to equity holders of the company		17,757	9,616
Liabilities			
Loans and borrowings	21	3,400	3,090
Deferred income		-	50
Deferred tax liabilities	17	-	52
Total non-current liabilities		3,400	3,192
Bank overdraft	20	2,283	1,096
Loans and borrowings	21	1,501	677
Trade and other payables	22	6,044	2,885
Current tax payable		869	952
Deferred income		600	591
Total current liabilities		11,297	6,201
Total liabilities		14,697	9,393
Total equity and liabilities		32,454	19,009

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 6 June 2008 and were signed on its behalf by:

D Jay
Director

Company Balance Sheet
at 31 March 2008

	Note	2008 £000	2007 £000
Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	14	27	5
Investments in subsidiaries	16	35,435	24,429
Total non-current assets		35,462	24,434
Trade and other receivables	19	1,059	1,211
Prepayments for current assets		38	8
Cash and cash equivalents	20	-	110
Total current assets		1,097	1,329
Total assets		36,559	25,763
Equity			
Share capital	24	170	120
Share premium	24	5,021	1,479
Reserves	24	10,935	7,971
Retained earnings	24	(2,223)	(329)
Total equity attributable to equity holders of the company		13,903	9,241
Liabilities			
Loans and borrowings	21	3,185	1,698
Amounts owed to group undertakings		13,601	10,904
Total non-current liabilities		16,786	12,602
Bank overdraft	20	4,006	1,475
Loans and borrowings	21	1,014	522
Trade and other payables	22	250	1,332
Deferred income		600	591
Total current liabilities		5,870	3,920
Total liabilities		22,656	16,522
Total equity and liabilities		36,559	25,763

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors on 6 June 2008 and were signed on its behalf by:

D Jay
Director

Consolidated Cash Flow Statement
for year ended 31 March 2008

	Note	Year ended 31 March 2008 £000	Period from incorporation to 31 March 2007 £000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Profit for the period		1,558	18
<i>Adjustments for:</i>			
Depreciation	14	329	49
Finance income	10	(64)	(14)
Finance expense	10	1,020	184
Loss on sale of property, plant and equipment		3	5
Equity settled share-based payment transactions		196	28
Income tax expense	11	694	65
		<hr/>	<hr/>
		3,736	335
Change in inventories	18	135	(44)
Change in trade and other receivables	19	(1,273)	(281)
Change in prepayments		26	(6)
Change in trade and other payables	22	98	181
Change in deferred income		199	-
		<hr/>	<hr/>
		2,921	185
Interest received		64	14
Interest paid		(1,020)	(131)
Tax paid		(1,555)	-
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net cash from operating activities		410	68
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds from sale of property, plant and equipment		22	2
Acquisition of subsidiary, net of cash acquired	4	(5,535)	(95)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(295)	(31)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net cash from investing activities		(5,808)	(124)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from the issue of share capital	24	3,906	2,425
Payment of transaction costs		(337)	(919)
Proceeds from new borrowings		4,500	2,350
Repayment of borrowings		(3,395)	(4,344)
Payment of finance lease liabilities		(74)	(58)
Dividends paid	13	(169)	-
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net cash from financing activities		4,431	(546)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(967)	(602)
Cash and cash equivalents at start of period	20	(602)	-
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Cash and cash equivalents at 31 March	20	(1,569)	(602)

Company Cash Flow Statement
for year ended 31 March 2008

	Note	Year ended 31 March 2008 £000	Period from incorporation to 31 March 2007 £000
Cash flows from operating activities			
Loss for the year		(1,921)	(357)
Adjustments for:			
Depreciation	14	3	-
Finance income		(50)	(5)
Finance expense		1,001	164
Equity settled share-based payment expenses		196	28
Income tax expense		1	(1)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Change in trade and other receivables	19	(770) 152	(171) (1,211)
Change in prepayments		(30)	(8)
Change in trade and other payables	22	1,499	(1,727)
Change in deferred income		249	-
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Interest received		1,100	(3,117)
Interest paid		50	5
Tax paid		(1,001)	(164)
		(1)	1
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net cash from operating activities		148	(3,275)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Acquisition of subsidiary	4	(8,166)	(1,811)
Acquisition of property, plant and equipment		(2)	(5)
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net cash from investing activities		(8,168)	(1,816)
Cash flows from financing activities			
Proceeds from the issue of share capital	24	3,906	2,425
Payment of transaction costs		(337)	(919)
Proceeds from new borrowing		4,500	2,350
Repayment of borrowings		(2,521)	(130)
Dividends paid	13	(169)	-
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Net cash from financing activities		5,379	3,726
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(2,641)	(1,365)
Cash and cash equivalents at start of period	20	(1,365)	-
		<hr/>	<hr/>
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	20	(4,006)	(1,365)

Notes

(forming part of the financial statements)

1. Reporting entity

Northern Bear Plc (the "Company") is a company incorporated in the UK.

The group financial statements consolidate those of the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group").

2. Basis of preparation

Statement of compliance

With financial statements been prepared and approved by the Directors in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the EU ("Adopted IFRSs").

The Company has taken advantage of the exemption in s230 of the Companies Act 1985 not to present its individual income statement and related notes in these approved financial statements.

Transition to Adopted IFRSs

Both the Group and the Company are preparing their financial statements in accordance with Adopted IFRSs for the first time and consequently have applied IFRS 1. An explanation of how the transition to Adopted IFRSs has affected the reported financial position, financial performance and cash flows of the Group is provided in note 29.

Basis of measurement

The financial statements are prepared on the historical cost basis.

Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in sterling, which is the Company's functional currency.

Use of estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

Estimates and judgements have been used for the following; goodwill impairment, separation of intangibles from goodwill, impairment of trade receivables and estimating the stage of completion for contracts.

3. Significant accounting policies

The accounting policies set out below have, unless otherwise stated, been applied consistently to all periods presented in these financial statements.

Basis of consolidation

Control exists where the Group has the power, directly or indirectly, to govern the financial and operating policies of an entity so as to obtain benefits from its activities. Subsidiaries are entities controlled by the Company. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial information from the date control commences until the date that control ceases.

Intracompany balances, and any unrealised gains and losses or income and expenses arising from intragroup transactions, are eliminated when preparing the consolidated financial information.

Notes (continued)

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Intangible assets and goodwill

In order for a business combination to exist, the purchased group of assets must constitute a business (an integrated set of activities and assets conducted and managed to lower costs) and will generally consist of inputs, processes and outputs.

Business combinations are accounted for using the acquisition method of accounting. The acquired identifiable tangible and intangible assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities are measured at their fair values at the date of acquisition. Any excess of the cost of acquisition over the group's interest in the net fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities acquired is recognised as goodwill.

Following initial recognition, goodwill is measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Research

Expenditure on research activities is recognised as an expense in the period in which it is incurred.

Property, plant and equipment

Property, plant and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Where parts of an item of property, plant and equipment have different useful lives, they are accounted for as separate items of property, plant and equipment.

Depreciation is charged to the income statement over the estimated useful economic lives of each part of an item of property, plant and equipment. The depreciation rates are as follows:

Freehold buildings	2% straight line
Plant and machinery	15% diminishing balance
Motor vehicles	25% diminishing balance
Furniture, fittings and equipment	15-33% diminishing balance
Leasehold improvements	life of lease straight line

The residual value, and useful economic life, is reassessed annually. Land is not depreciated.

Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. The cost of inventories is based on the first-in first out principle and includes expenditure incurred in acquiring the inventories and other costs incurred in bringing them to their existing location and condition. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

Construction work in progress

Construction work in progress represents the gross unbilled amount expected to be collected from customers for contract work performed to date. It is measured at cost plus profit recognised to date less progress billings and recognised losses. Cost includes all expenditure related directly to specific projects and an allocation of fixed and variable overheads incurred in the Group's contract activities based on normal operating capacity.

Construction work in progress is presented as part of trade and other receivables in the balance sheet.

Cash and cash equivalents

'Cash and cash equivalents' comprises cash balances and call deposits with an original maturity of three months or less. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows.

Notes (continued)

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Impairment

The carrying amounts of the Group's assets, other than inventories and deferred tax assets are reviewed at each balance sheet date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If any such indication exists, then the assets recoverable amount is estimated. For goodwill which has an indefinite life the recoverable amount is estimated at each reporting date.

The recoverable amount of an asset or cash generating unit is the greater of its value in use and its fair value less costs to sell. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the asset. For the purpose of impairment testing, assets are grouped together into the smallest group of assets that generates cash inflows from continuing use that are largely independent of the cash inflows of other assets or groups of assets (the "cash generating unit"). The goodwill acquired in a business combination, for the purpose of impairment testing, is allocated to cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination.

An impairment loss is recognised if the carrying amount of an asset or its cash generating unit exceeds its estimated recoverable amount. Impairment losses are recognised in the income statement. Impairment losses recognised in respect of cash generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to cash generating units and then to reduce the carrying amount of other assets within the unit on a pro-rata basis.

Employee benefits

Defined contribution pension plans

Obligations for contributions to defined contribution pension plans are recognised as an expense in the income statement as service is provided.

Share-based payment transactions

The share option programme allows Group employees to acquire shares of the Company. The fair value of share options granted is recognised as an employee expense with a corresponding increase in equity. The fair value is measured at grant date, using an appropriate model taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the share options were granted, and is spread over the period during which the employees become unconditionally entitled to the options. The amount recognised as an expense is adjusted to reflect the actual number of share options that vest except where forfeiture is only due to market conditions.

Revenue

Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, net of discounts, VAT and other sales related taxes.

Revenue is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have been transferred to the buyer, recovery of the consideration is probable, the associated costs and possible return of goods can be estimated reliably, there is no continuing management involvement with the goods, and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably.

Revenue from services rendered is recognised in profit or loss in proportion to the stage of completion of the transaction at the reporting date. The stage of completion is assessed by reference to surveys of work performed.

Construction contracts

Contract revenue includes the initial amount agreed in the contract plus any variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments to the extent that it is probable that they will result in revenue and can be measured reliably. As soon as the outcome of a contract can be estimated reliably, contract revenue and expenses are recognised in profit or loss in proportion to the stage of completion of the contract.

The stage of completion is assessed by reference to the value of work performed. When the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognised only to the extent of contract costs incurred that are likely to be recoverable. An expected loss on a contract is recognised immediately in profit or loss.

Notes (continued)

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Expenses

(i) Operating lease payments

Payments under operating leases are recognised in the income and expenditure account on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease. Lease incentives received are recognised in the income statement as an integral part of the total lease expense.

(ii) Finance lease payments

Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction of the outstanding liability. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease term so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

(iii) Finance income

Finance income comprises interest receivable on funds invested. Interest income is recognised in the income statement as it accrues using the effective interest method.

(iv) Finance expenses

Finance expenses comprise interest payable on borrowings. All borrowing costs are recognised in profit or loss using the effective interest method.

Income tax

Income tax on the profit or loss for the period comprises both current and deferred tax. Income tax is recognised in the income statement except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current tax is the expected tax payable on the taxable income for the year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date, and any adjustment to tax payable in respect of previous years.

Deferred tax is recognised using the balance sheet method, providing for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes. Deferred tax is not recognised for the following temporary differences: the initial recognition of assets or liabilities in a transaction that is not a business combination and that affects neither accounting nor taxable profits nor differences relating to investments in subsidiaries to the extent that it is probable that they will not reverse in the foreseeable future. In addition, deferred tax is not recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on the initial recognition of goodwill. Deferred tax is measured at the tax rates that are expected to be applied to the temporary differences when they reverse; based on the laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset if there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax liabilities and assets and they relate to income taxes levied by the same tax authority on the same taxable entity, or on different tax entities, but they intend to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or their tax assets and liabilities will be realised simultaneously.

A deferred tax asset is recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and are reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that a related tax benefit will be realised.

Notes (continued)

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

Adopted IFRS not yet applied

The following standards and interpretations were available for early application but have not been applied by the Group in these financial statements. Their adoption is not expected to have a material effect on the financial statements unless otherwise indicated:

- IFRS 8 'Operating Segments' - as the Company it is not within the scope of IFRS 8 it is not required to adopt IFRS 8;
- Revised IAS 23 'Borrowing Costs' ;
- Revised IAS 1 'Presentation of Financial Statements';
- Revised IFRS 3 'Business Combinations';
- Revised IAS 27 'Consolidated and Separate Financial Statements'; and
- Amendments to IFRS 2 'Share based payment - Vesting Conditions and Cancellations'.

The Directors anticipate that the above will have no material effect on the Groups' financial statements.

Notes (continued)

4. Acquisitions of subsidiaries

a) Initial acquisitions

On 6 December 2006 the Company entered into Share Exchange Agreements to acquire the entire issued share capital of The Floor Joist Company (Northern) Limited and the groups headed by Ron Gone Limited, Dudley Wilson Limited, Kelmax Limited and Maximuse Limited. The acquisition of each did not complete until the admission of the ordinary shares of Northern Bear Plc onto AIM on 19 December 2006. The resulting goodwill of £10,815,000 was capitalised.

	Book and fair value				The Floor Joist Company (Northern) Limited	Total
	Ron Gone Limited £000	Dudley Wilson Limited £000	Maximuse Limited £000	Kelmax Limited £000	£000	£000
Non-current assets						
Property, plant and equipment	102	952	130	183	41	1,408
Other investments	-	11	-	-	-	11
Current assets						
Inventories	10	27	93	12	-	142
Trade and other receivables	523	300	1,011	749	5	2,588
Cash and cash equivalents	118	-	148	656	-	922
Total assets	<u>753</u>	<u>1,290</u>	<u>1,382</u>	<u>1,600</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>5,071</u>
Liabilities						
Provisions	-	27	2	6	-	35
Trade and other payables	1,575	1,437	2,412	3,018	46	8,488
Total liabilities	<u>1,575</u>	<u>1,464</u>	<u>2,414</u>	<u>3,024</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>8,523</u>
Net liabilities	(822)	(174)	(1,032)	(1,424)	-	(3,452)
Goodwill	<u>1,526</u>	<u>1,641</u>	<u>3,126</u>	<u>4,522</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>10,815</u>
Purchase consideration	<u>704</u>	<u>1,467</u>	<u>2,094</u>	<u>3,098</u>	<u>-</u>	<u>7,363</u>

The total purchase consideration of £7,363,000 was settled by the issue of 8,366,786 1p ordinary shares.

The goodwill recognised on the acquisition is attributable mainly to the skills, experience and technical expertise of the acquired business' workforce, and the synergies expected to be achieved from integrating the companies into the Group's existing support services businesses.

Notes (continued)

4. Acquisitions (continued)

a) Initial acquisitions (continued)

The results of the trading subsidiaries of the groups acquired, from the beginning of their financial period, 1 April 2006, to the date of acquisition are summarised below:

	Ron Gone Limited	Dudley Wilson Limited	Maximuse Limited	Kelmax Roofing Limited
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Revenue	1,369	1,321	3,759	3,476
Operating profit	228	137	476	509
Profit before taxation	187	81	475	499
Taxation	(62)	(23)	(136)	(98)

b) MGM Limited

On 2 February 2007 the Company acquired 100% of the issued share capital of MGM Limited. The resulting goodwill was capitalised.

	Book and fair value £000
Non-current assets	
Property, plant and equipment	208
Current assets	
Inventories	10
Trade and other receivables	1,336
Cash and cash equivalents	809
Total assets	<u>2,363</u>
Liabilities	
Provisions	17
Trade and other payables	1,196
Total liabilities	<u>1,213</u>
Net assets	1,150
Goodwill	1,599
Purchase consideration and costs of acquisition	<u>2,749</u>

Notes (continued)

4. Acquisitions (continued)

£000

Satisfied by:

Cash	1,811
Shares	938
	<hr/>
	2,749
	<hr/>

The goodwill recognised on the acquisition is attributable mainly to the skills, experience and technical expertise of the acquired business' workforce, and the synergies expected to be achieved from integrating the companies into the Group's existing support services businesses.

The results of MGM Limited, from the beginning of its financial period, 1 May 2006, to the date of acquisition is summarised as follows:

	1 May 2006 to 2 Feb 2007 £000
Revenue	5,690
Operating profit	555
Profit before taxation	571
Taxation	(180)
	<hr/>

c) Chirmarn Holdings Limited

On 11 May 2007 the company acquired 100% of the issued share capital of Chirmarn Holdings Limited and subsidiaries. The resulting goodwill was calculated and capitalised as follows:

	Book and fair value £000
Non-current assets	
Property, plant and equipment	207
Current assets	
Inventories	174
Trade and other receivables	525
Cash and cash equivalents	590
Current liabilities	(1,448)
Net assets	48
Goodwill	3,891
	<hr/>
Purchase consideration	3,939
	<hr/>
Satisfied by:	
Cash	2,791
Shares	1,148
	<hr/>
	3,939
	<hr/>

Notes (continued)

4. Acquisitions (continued)

c) Chirmarn Holdings Limited (continued)

The goodwill recognised on the acquisition is attributable mainly to the skills, experience and technical expertise of the acquired business' workforce, and the synergies expected to be achieved from integrating the companies into the Group's existing support services businesses.

The completion accounts were drawn up to 31 March 2007 for the acquisition of Chirmarn Holdings Limited as specified in the sale and purchase agreement.

d) Hastie Limited

On 31 May 2007 the company acquired 100% of the issued share capital of Hastie Limited and subsidiary. The resulting goodwill was calculated and capitalised as follows:

	Book and fair value £000
Non-current assets	
Property plant and equipment	64
Current assets	
Inventories	40
Trade and other receivables	533
Cash and cash equivalents	730
Current liabilities	(497)
Net assets	870
Goodwill	396
Purchase consideration	1,266
Satisfied by:	
Cash	1,014
Shares	252
	1,266

The goodwill recognised on the acquisition is attributable mainly to the skills, experience and technical expertise of the acquired business' workforce, and the synergies expected to be achieved from integrating the companies into the Group's existing support services businesses.

The results of Hastie Limited, from the beginning of its financial period, 1 April 2007, to the date of acquisition is summarised as follows:

	1 April 2007 to 31 May 2007 £000
Revenue	545
Operating loss	(16)
Loss before taxation	(12)
Taxation	(9)

Notes (continued)

4. Acquisitions (continued)

e) Jennings Properties Limited

On 12 November 2007 the company acquired 100% of the issued share capital of Jennings Properties Limited and subsidiary. The resulting goodwill was calculated and capitalised as follows:

	Book and fair value £000
Non-current assets	
Property, plant and equipment	144
Current assets	
Inventories	35
Trade and other receivables	1,962
Cash and cash equivalents	1,311
Current liabilities	(1,831)
Net assets	1,621
Goodwill	4,087
Purchase consideration	<u>5,708</u>
Satisfied by:	
Cash	4,361
Shares	1,347
	<u>5,708</u>

The goodwill recognised on the acquisition is attributable mainly to the skills, experience and technical expertise of the acquired business' workforce, and the synergies expected to be achieved from integrating the companies into the Group's existing support services businesses.

The results for Jennings Properties Limited, from the beginning of its financial period, 1 May 2007, to the date of acquisition is summarised as follows:

	1 May 2007 to 12 November 2007 £000
Revenue	4,646
Operating profit	565
Profit before taxation	591
Taxation	<u>(297)</u>

5. Segmental information

All revenue and results derive from the building services segment in the United Kingdom.

Notes (continued)

6. Other operating income

	Year ended 31 March 2008 £000	Period from incorporation to 31 March 2007 £000
Rental income	25	9
Management services	21	-
	<u>46</u>	<u>9</u>

7. Expenses and auditors' remuneration

Auditors' remuneration:

	Year ended 31 March 2008 £000	Period from incorporation to 31 March 2007 £000
Audit of these financial statements	40	35
Amounts receivable by auditors and their associates in respect of:		
Audit of financial statements of subsidiaries pursuant to legislation	62	45
Other services pursuant to such legislation	30	10
Other services relating to taxation	24	12
Services relating to recruitment and remuneration	4	6
Services relating to corporate finance transactions entered into or proposed to be entered into by or on behalf of the company or the group	50	192
	<u>50</u>	<u>192</u>

Amounts paid to the company's auditors and their associates in respect of services to the company, other than the audit of the company's financial statements, have not been disclosed as the information is required instead to be disclosed on a consolidated basis.

Notes (continued)

8. Staff numbers and costs

The average number of persons employed by the group (including Directors) during the year, analysed by category, was as follows:

	Number of employees Group		Number of employees Company	
	Year ended 31 March 2008	Period from incorporation to 31 March 2007	Year ended 31 March 2008	Period from incorporation to 31 March 2007
Directors	8	6	8	6
Administration	57	43	1	1
Production	294	213	-	-
	<u>359</u>	<u>262</u>	<u>9</u>	<u>7</u>

The aggregate payroll costs of these persons were as follows:

	Group		Company	
	Year ended 31 March 2008	Period from incorporation to 31 March 2007	Year ended 31 March 2008	Period from incorporation to 31 March 2007
	£000	£000	£000	£000
Wages and salaries	8,359	1,505	461	168
Share based payments (see note 23)	196	28	85	4
Social security costs	765	132	39	7
Contributions to defined contribution plans	80	42	-	-
	<u>9,400</u>	<u>1,707</u>	<u>585</u>	<u>179</u>

9. Directors' remuneration

	Year ended 31 March 2008	Period from incorporation to 31 March 2007
	£000	£000
Directors' emoluments	421	120
Amounts paid to third parties in respect of Directors' services	<u>50</u>	<u>27</u>

Notes (continued)

9. Directors' remuneration (continued)

The aggregate of emoluments and amounts receivable under long term incentive schemes of the highest paid Director was £166,000.

	Number of directors	
	Year ended 31 March 2008	Period from incorporation to 31 March 2007
Retirement benefits are accruing to the following number of Directors under: Money purchase schemes	-	-

10. Finance income and expense

	Year ended 31 March 2008	Period from incorporation to 31 March 2007
	£000	£000
Bank interest - finance income	64	14
	£000	£000
On bank loans and overdrafts	543	170
On all other loans	-	8
Finance charges payable in respect of finance leases and hire purchase contracts	70	6
	613	184
Exceptional finance expense - refinancing	407	-
Finance expense	1,020	184

Exceptional finance expense relates to the Group refinancing exercise undertaken in the year and specifically early settlement charges for previous banking facilities. This is considered by the Directors to be a one-off expense and hence is classified as exceptional.

Notes (continued)

11. Taxation

Recognised in the income statement

	Year ended 31 March 2008 £000	Period from incorporation to 31 March 2007 £000
<i>Current tax expense</i>		
Current year	859	65
Adjustments for prior years	(91)	-
Current tax expense	<u>768</u>	<u>65</u>
<i>Deferred tax expense</i>		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(79)	-
Reduction in tax rate	5	-
Deferred tax expense	<u>(74)</u>	<u>-</u>
Tax expense in income statement	<u>694</u>	<u>65</u>

It has been announced that the corporation tax rate applicable to the Group will change from 30% to 28% from 1 April 2008. Any timing differences which reverse prior to 1 April 2008 will be relieved at 30%, any timing differences which exist at 1 April 2008 will reverse at 28%.

Reconciliation of effective tax rate

	Year ended 31 March 2008 £000	Period from incorporation to 31 March 2007 £000
Profit before tax	2,252	83
Tax using the UK corporation tax rate of 30% (2007: 30%)	676	25
Non-deductible expenses	121	41
Small companies tax rate	(12)	(1)
Over provided in prior years	(91)	-
Total tax expense	<u>694</u>	<u>65</u>

Notes (continued)

12. Earnings per share

The calculation of basic earnings per share was based on the profit for the period and on the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, calculated as follows:

	Year ended 31 March 2008	Period from incorporation to 31 March 2007
Profit for the period (£000)	1,558	18
Weighted average number of ordinary shares ('000)	15,103	3,375
Earnings per share	10.3p	0.5p

The calculation of diluted earnings per share was based on the profit for the period and on the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, after adjustment for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, calculated as follows:

	Year ended 31 March 2008	Period from incorporation to 31 March 2007
Profit for the period (£000)	1,558	18
Weighted average number of ordinary shares ('000)	16,598	3,630
Earnings per share	9.4p	0.5p

Diluted earnings per share is calculated in the same way as basic earnings per share but using a weighted average number of shares in issue of 16,598,418 to reflect the dilutive effect of share options in existence at the year end of 1,495,199.

The calculation of adjusted earnings per share was based on the profit for the period, adjusted for exceptional finance expenses and share based payments, and on the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, calculated as follows:

	Year ended 31 March 2008	Period from incorporation to 31 March 2007
Profit for the period (£000)	1,558	18
Exceptional finance expenses	407	-
Share based payments	196	28
Adjusted profit for the period	2,161	46
Weighted average number of ordinary shares ('000)	15,103	3,375
Earnings per share	14.3p	1.4p

Notes (continued)

12 Earnings per share (continued)

The calculation of diluted adjusted earnings per share was based on the profit for the period, adjusted for exceptional finance expenses and share based payments, and on the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding, after adjustment for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares, calculated as follows:

	Year ended 31 March 2008	Period from incorporation to 31 March 2007
Adjusted profit for the period	2,161	46
Weighted average number of ordinary shares ('000)	16,598	3,630
Earnings per share	<u>13.0p</u>	<u>1.3p</u>

13. Dividends

The aggregate amount of dividends comprises:

	Year ended 31 March 2008	Period from incorporation to 31 March 2007
	£000	£000
Interim dividends paid in respect of the current year	<u>169</u>	<u>-</u>

Notes (continued)

14. Property, plant and equipment

Group	Land and buildings £000	Plant and equipment £000	Fixtures and fittings £000	Motor vehicles £000	Total £000
Cost					
Balance at 13 April 2006	-	-	-	-	-
Acquisitions through business combinations	885	429	116	1,119	2,549
Other acquisitions	-	20	7	130	157
Disposals	-	-	-	(93)	(93)
Balance at 31 March 2007	885	449	123	1,156	2,613
Balance at 1 April 2007	885	449	123	1,156	2,613
Acquisitions through business combinations	-	495	122	806	1,423
Other acquisitions	-	81	37	280	398
Disposals	-	-	(2)	(123)	(125)
Balance at 31 March 2008	885	1,025	280	2,119	4,309
Depreciation and impairment					
Balance at 13 April 2006	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation on acquisitions	41	217	80	595	933
Depreciation charge for the period	1	8	3	37	49
Disposals	-	-	-	(87)	(87)
Balance at 31 March 2007	42	225	83	545	895
Balance at 1 April 2007	42	225	83	545	895
Depreciation on acquisitions	-	431	108	469	1,008
Depreciation charge for the year	7	44	18	260	329
Disposals	-	-	(2)	(98)	(100)
Balance at 31 March 2008	49	700	207	1,176	2,132
Net book value					
At 13 April 2006	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 March 2007	843	224	40	611	1,718
At 31 March 2008	836	325	73	943	2,177

Notes (continued)

14 Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Leased property, plant and equipment

At 31 March 2008 the net carrying amount of plant and equipment held on finance leases was £437,000 (2007: £443,000).

Security

Leased equipment secures lease obligations

Freehold land and buildings at 2a Rainhill Close, Washington secure a £608,000 mortgage loan.

Company	Motor vehicles £000	Fixtures and fittings £000	Total £000
Cost			
Balance at 13 April 2006	-	-	-
Other acquisitions	-	5	5
Balance at 31 March 2007	-	5	5
Balance at 1 April 2007	-	5	5
Transfer from group undertakings	42	-	42
Other acquisitions	-	2	2
Balance at 31 March 2008	42	7	49
Depreciation and impairment			
Balance at 13 April 2006	-	-	-
Depreciation charge for the year	-	-	-
Balance at 31 March 2007	-	-	-
Balance at 1 April 2007	-	-	-
Transfer from group undertakings	19	-	19
Depreciation charge for the year	1	2	3
Balance at 31 March 2008	20	2	22
Net book value			
At 13 April 2006	-	-	-
At 31 March 2007	-	5	5
At 31 March 2008	22	5	27

Notes (continued)

15. Intangible assets

<i>Group</i>	<i>Goodwill £000</i>
<i>Cost and net book value</i>	
Balance at 13 April 2006	-
Acquisitions through business combinations	12,414
Balance at 31 March 2007	12,414
Balance at 1 April 2007	12,414
Acquisitions through business combinations	8,374
Balance at 31 March 2008	20,788

Impairment testing

Goodwill arises on the acquisition of subsidiary undertakings since incorporation. The goodwill is tested annually for impairment or more frequently if there are indications the goodwill may be impaired.

Impairment is tested by calculating its value in use by reference to discounted cash flow forecasts over a five year period. The key assumptions for the value in use calculation are those regarding the growth rates, discount rates and expected changes in profit margins during the period. These are based on approved forecasts in the short term and a prudent assumption of no growth thereafter. The carrying amount of goodwill is allocated to income generating units based on entities.

16. Investments

<i>Group</i>	<i>Other investments £000</i>
<i>Cost and net book value</i>	
At beginning and end of period	11

<i>Company</i>	<i>Shares in group undertakings £000</i>
<i>Cost and net book value</i>	
At beginning of period	24,429
Acquisitions	11,006
At end of period	35,435

Notes (continued)

16 Investments in subsidiaries (continued)

The Company has the following investments in subsidiaries:

Company	Country of Incorporation	Class of shares held	Ownership	
			2008	2007
Ron Gone Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%	100%
Isoler Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary A Ordinary	100% 100%	100% 100%
Dudley Wilson Limited	England and Wales	A Ordinary B Ordinary	100% 100%	100% 100%
The Roof Truss Company (Northern) Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%	100%
Kelmax Roofing Limited	England and Wales	A Ordinary B Ordinary	100% 100%	100% 100%
Springs Roofing Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary A Ordinary B Ordinary C Ordinary D Ordinary	100% 100% 100% 100% 100%	100% 100% 100% 100% 100%
Maximuse Limited	England and Wales	A Ordinary B Ordinary	100% 100%	100% 100%
Wensley Roofing Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary A Ordinary	100% 100%	100% 100%
MGM Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary A Ordinary	100% 100%	100% 100%
The Floor Joist Company (Northern) Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%	100%
Prosafe Consultants Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%	100%
Chirmarn Holdings Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%	nil
Chirmarn Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%*	Nil
Chirmarn (Surveying) Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%*	Nil
Hastie Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%	Nil
Hastie D Burton Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%*	Nil
Jennings Properties Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary A Ordinary B Ordinary	100% 100% 100%	Nil Nil Nil
Jennings Roofing Limited	England and Wales	Ordinary	100%*	Nil

*held indirectly.

Notes (continued)

17. Deferred tax assets and liabilities

Group

Recognised deferred tax assets and liabilities

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are attributable to the following:

	2008 £000	2007 £000
Property, plant and equipment	(48)	(61)
Other	59	9
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net tax assets/(liabilities)	11	(52)
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

Movement in deferred tax during the year

	1 April 2007 £000	Recognised in income £000	Acquired in business combination £000	31 March 2008 £000
Property, plant and equipment	(61)	26	(13)	(48)
Share-based payments	-	2	-	2
Provisions	9	46	2	57
	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>	<hr/>
	(52)	74	(11)	11
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

18. Inventories

	Group		Company	
	2008 £000	2007 £000	2008 £000	2007 £000
Raw materials and consumables	<hr/> 311 <hr/>	<hr/> 197 <hr/>	<hr/> - <hr/>	<hr/> - <hr/>

All inventory is expected to be recovered in less than 12 months.

Notes (continued)

19. Trade and other receivables

	<i>Group</i>		<i>Company</i>	
	<i>2008</i> <i>£000</i>	<i>2007</i> <i>£000</i>	<i>2008</i> <i>£000</i>	<i>2007</i> <i>£000</i>
Trade receivables	8,157	3,792	-	-
Other trade receivables	8	198	61	305
Receivable from group undertakings	-	-	998	906
	8,165	3,990	1,059	1,211

Included within trade and other receivables is £998,000 (2007: £906,000) for the Company expected to be recovered in more than 12 months.

At 31 March 2008 trade receivables include retentions of £1,095,000 (2007: £564,000) relating to construction contracts in progress.

20. Cash and cash equivalents/ bank overdrafts

	<i>Group</i>		<i>Company</i>	
	<i>2008</i> <i>£000</i>	<i>2007</i> <i>£000</i>	<i>2008</i> <i>£000</i>	<i>2007</i> <i>£000</i>
Cash and cash equivalents per balance sheet	714	494	-	110
Bank overdrafts	(2,283)	(1,096)	(4,006)	(1,475)
Cash and cash equivalents per cash flow statements	(1,569)	(602)	(4,006)	(1,365)

Notes (continued)

21. Loans and borrowings

This note provides information about the contractual terms of the Group and Company's interest-bearing loans and borrowings, which are measured at amortised cost. For more information about the Group and Company's exposure to interest rate risk, see note 25.

	<i>Group</i>		<i>Company</i>	
	<i>2008</i> <i>£000</i>	<i>2007</i> <i>£000</i>	<i>2008</i> <i>£000</i>	<i>2007</i> <i>£000</i>
<i>Non-current liabilities</i>				
Secured bank loans	3,185	1,698	3,185	1,698
Finance lease liabilities	181	155	-	-
Shareholder loans	-	1,198	-	-
Other loans	34	39	-	-
	<u>3,400</u>	<u>3,090</u>	<u>3,185</u>	<u>1,698</u>
<i>Current liabilities</i>				
Current portion of secured bank loans	1,014	522	1,014	522
Current portion of finance lease liabilities	153	150	-	-
Shareholder loans	330	-	-	-
Other loans	4	5	-	-
	<u>1,501</u>	<u>677</u>	<u>1,014</u>	<u>522</u>

Terms and debt repayment schedule

	<i>Currency</i>	<i>Nominal interest rate</i>	<i>Year of maturity</i>	<i>Face value 2008</i> <i>£000</i>	<i>Carrying amount 2008</i> <i>£000</i>	<i>Face value 2007</i> <i>£000</i>	<i>Carrying amount 2007</i> <i>£000</i>
<i>Yorkshire Bank term loan A</i>	<i>GBP</i>	<i>Base + 2%</i>	<i>2012</i>	<i>3,591</i>	<i>3,591</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>-</i>
<i>Mortgage loan</i>	<i>GBP</i>	<i>Base + 2%</i>	<i>2017</i>	<i>608</i>	<i>608</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>-</i>
<i>Shareholder loan</i>	<i>GBP</i>	<i>n/a</i>	<i>n/a</i>	<i>330</i>	<i>330</i>	<i>1,198</i>	<i>1,198</i>
<i>Revolving credit facility</i>	<i>GBP</i>	<i>Base + 2%</i>	<i>2010</i>	<i>2,283</i>	<i>2,283</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>-</i>
<i>Finance lease and hire purchase liabilities</i>	<i>GBP</i>	<i>n/a</i>	<i>Within 5 years</i>	<i>334</i>	<i>334</i>	<i>305</i>	<i>305</i>
<i>Other loans</i>	<i>GBP</i>	<i>n/a</i>	<i>n/a</i>	<i>38</i>	<i>38</i>	<i>44</i>	<i>44</i>
<i>Bank of Scotland term loans</i>	<i>GBP</i>	<i>Base + 2.5%</i>	<i>n/a</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>2,220</i>	<i>2,220</i>
<i>Bank of Scotland revolving credit facility</i>	<i>GBP</i>	<i>Base + 2.5%</i>	<i>n/a</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>-</i>	<i>1,475</i>	<i>1,475</i>

Notes (continued)

21. Loans and borrowings (continued)

Finance lease liabilities

Finance lease liabilities are payable as follows:

<i>Group</i>	<i>Minimum lease payments</i>	<i>Interest</i>	<i>Principal</i>	<i>Principal</i>
	<i>2008</i>	<i>2008</i>	<i>2008</i>	<i>2007</i>
	<i>£000</i>	<i>£000</i>	<i>£000</i>	<i>£000</i>
Less than one year	173	20	153	150
Between one and five years	207	26	181	155
	<u>380</u>	<u>46</u>	<u>334</u>	<u>305</u>

22. Trade and other payables

	<i>Group</i>		<i>Company</i>	
	<i>2008</i>	<i>2007</i>	<i>2008</i>	<i>2007</i>
	<i>£000</i>	<i>£000</i>	<i>£000</i>	<i>£000</i>
Trade payables	4,384	1,836	83	-
Other payables due to group undertakings	-	-	-	1,193
Non-trade payables and accrued expenses	1,660	1,049	167	139
	<u>6,044</u>	<u>2,885</u>	<u>250</u>	<u>1,332</u>

23. Employee benefits

Defined contribution plans

The Group operates a number of defined contribution pension plans.

The total expense relating to these plans in the current year was £80,000 (2007: £42,000).

Share-based payments

The Group operate an Inland Revenue Approved Share Option Scheme and an Inland Revenue Unapproved Share Option Scheme.

The terms and conditions of the grants are as follows:

<i>Grant date</i>	<i>Method of settlement accounting</i>	<i>Number of Instruments</i>	<i>Vesting conditions</i>	<i>Contractual life of options</i>
18 December 2006	Equity	700,000	3 years of service	Dec 07 - Dec 16
1 March 2007	Equity	300,000	3 years of service	Mar 10 - Mar 17
17 December 2007	Equity	230,000	3 years of service	Dec 10 - Dec 17

Notes (continued)

23. Employee benefits (continued)

Share-based payments (continued)

The number and weighted average exercise prices of share options are as follows:

	Weighted average exercise price 2008	Number of options 2008	Weighted average exercise price 2007	Number of options 2007
Outstanding at the beginning of the year		1,000,000	-	-
Granted during the year	120p	230,000	91p	1,000,000
Outstanding at the end of the year		1,230,000		1,000,000
Exercisable at the end of the year		-		-

The options outstanding at the year end have an exercise price in the range of 88p to 120p and a weighted average contractual life of 5.5 years.

The fair value of services received in return for share options granted are measured by reference to the fair value of share options granted. The fair value of employee share options is measured using a Black-Scholes model.

Measurement inputs and assumptions are as follows:

	18 December 2006	1 March 2007	17 December 2007
Fair value at measurement date	17p	18p	22p
Exercise price	88p	98p	120p
Expected volatility	19.0%	17.8%	18.1%
Option life	5.5 years	5.5 years	5.5 years
Expected dividends	3.0%	3.0%	3.0%
Risk-free interest rate (based on national government bonds)	5.0%	5.0%	5.0%

The expected volatility is based on the volatility of the FTSE AIM all shares index from 1 September 2001 to the date of the award.

Share options are granted under a service condition and, for grants after 19 December 2006, a non-market performance condition. Such conditions are not taken into account in the grant date fair value measurement of the services received.

The total expenses recognised for the year arising from share-based payments are as follows:

	2008 £000	2007 £000
Equity settled share based payment expense	196	28

Notes (continued)

24. Capital and reserves

Reconciliation of movement in capital and reserves - Group

	Share capital £000	Share premium £000	Merger reserve £000	Retained earnings £000	Total parent equity £000
Balance at 13 April 2006	-	-	-	-	-
Total recognised income and expense	-	-	-	18	18
Issue of shares	120	1,479	-	-	1,599
Merger reserve arising on acquisition	-	-	7,971	-	7,971
Equity-settled share based payment transactions	-	-	-	28	28
Balance at 31 March 2007	120	1,479	7,971	46	9,616
Balance at 1 April 2007	120	1,479	7,971	46	9,616
Total recognised income and expense	-	-	-	1,558	1,558
Issue of shares	50	3,542	-	-	3,592
Merger reserve arising on acquisition	-	-	2,964	-	2,964
Equity-settled share based payment transactions	-	-	-	196	196
Dividends	-	-	-	(169)	(169)
Balance at 31 March 2008	170	5,021	10,935	1,631	17,757

Reconciliation of movement in capital and reserves - Company

	Share capital £000	Share premium £000	Merger reserve £000	Retained earnings £000	Total parent equity £000
Balance at 13 April 2006	-	-	-	-	-
Total recognised income and expense	-	-	-	(357)	(357)
Issue of shares	120	1,479	-	-	1,599
Merger reserve arising on acquisition	-	-	7,971	-	7,971
Equity-settled share based payment transactions	-	-	-	28	28
Balance at 31 March 2007	120	1,479	7,971	(329)	9,241
Balance at 1 April 2007	120	1,479	7,971	(329)	9,241
Total recognised income and expense	-	-	-	(1,921)	(1,921)
Issue of shares	50	3,542	-	-	3,592
Merger reserve arising on acquisition	-	-	2,964	-	2,964
Equity-settled share based payment transactions	-	-	-	196	196
Dividends	-	-	-	(169)	(169)
Balance at 31 March 2008	170	5,021	10,935	(2,223)	13,903

Notes (continued)

24 Capital and reserves (continued)

Share capital

In thousands of shares	Ordinary shares	
	2008	2007
<i>On issue at start of period</i>	120	-
<i>Issued for cash</i>	27	29
<i>Issued for acquisitions</i>	23	91
	<hr/>	<hr/>
<i>On issue at end of period - fully paid</i>	170	120
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	2008	2007
	£000	£000
<i>Authorised</i>		
50,000,000 ordinary shares of 1p each	500	500
50,000 0.1% cumulative redeemable preference shares of £1 each	50	50
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	550	550
	<hr/>	<hr/>
<i>Allotted, called up and fully paid</i>		
17,010,437 (2007: 12,008,034) ordinary shares of 1p each	170	120
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Shares classified in shareholders funds	170	120
	<hr/>	<hr/>

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company.

During the period the Company issued the following shares:

a) Ordinary shares

On incorporation, 13 April 2006, 1 £1 ordinary share was issued for consideration of £1.

On 29 November 2006, the 1 £1 issued ordinary share was subdivided into 100 ordinary shares of 1p each. The Company also issued 175,000 1p ordinary shares for consideration of £2,000 settled in cash.

On 19 December 2006, the Company issued 8,366,786 1p ordinary shares in exchange for the entire issued share capital of Ron Gone Limited, Dudley Wilson Limited, Kelmax Roofing Limited, Maximuse Limited and their subsidiary undertakings.

On 19 December 2006, the Company issued 2,751,133 1p ordinary shares for consideration of £2,423,000 settled in cash.

On 2 February 2007, the Company issued 715,015 ordinary 1p shares in partial payment for the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of MGM Limited.

On 5 April 2007, the Company issued 218,549 ordinary 1p shares in partial payment for the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of MGM Limited.

On 14 May 2007, the Company issued 820,000 1p ordinary shares in partial payment for the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Chirmarn Holdings Limited.

On 31 May 2007, the Company issued 275,000 1p ordinary shares for consideration of £385,000 settled in cash.

On 1 June 2007, the Company issued 136,986 1p ordinary shares in partial payment for the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Hastie Limited.

Notes (continued)

24. Capital and reserves (continued)

On 2 August 2007, the Company issued 2,415,250 1p ordinary shares for consideration of £3,502,113 settled in cash.

On 30 August 2007, the company issued 13,793 1p ordinary shares in partial payment of the advisory fee incurred on the placement of the above 2,415,250 1p ordinary shares.

On 4 September 2007, the Company issued 36,733 1p ordinary shares in partial payment for the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Hastie Limited.

On 13 November 2007, the Company issued 1,025,744 1p ordinary shares in partial payment for the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Jennings Properties Limited.

On 21 December 2007, the Company issued 60,348 1p ordinary shares in partial payment for the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Jennings Properties Limited.

b) Preference shares

On 29 November 2006 the Company issued 50,000 £1 cumulative redeemable preference shares, for consideration of £50,000 settled by cash. On 19 December 2006, these shares were redeemed by the Company.

Whilst in issue the preference shares were subject to the following terms and conditions:

Redemption

The redeemable preference shares are issued on the condition that they are to be redeemed by the Company upon the earlier of 31 December 2006 and the date on which the ordinary shares are admitted to trading on AIM, a market of London Stock Exchange plc.

Dividends

Holders of the redeemable preference shares are entitled to receive a fixed dividend at the rate of 0.01% per annum on the nominal amount of the redeemable preferences held by the holder, such a dividend to accrue annually and to be payable in respect of each accounting reference period of the Company within 21 days of the end of the period.

Voting

The preference shares do not carry voting rights.

25. Financial instruments

Overview

The Group has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments:

- Credit risk;
- Liquidity risk; and
- Market risk.

This applies to:

Trade and other receivables

The fair value of trade and other receivables, excluding construction contract debtors, is estimated as the present value of future cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the balance sheet date if the effect is material.

Trade and other payables

The fair value of trade and other payables is estimated as the present value of future cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the balance sheet date if the effect is material.

Notes (continued)

25. Financial instruments (continued)

Cash and cash equivalents

The fair value of cash and cash equivalents is estimated as its carrying amount where the cash is repayable on demand. Where it is not repayable on demand then the fair value is estimated at the present value of future cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the balance sheet date.

Interest-bearing borrowings

Fair value, which after initial recognition is determined for disclosure purposes only, is calculated based on the present value of future principal and interest cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the balance sheet date.

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks, the Group's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the company's management of capital. Further quantitative disclosures are included throughout these financial statements.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework.

The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. Risk management policies and systems are reviewed regularly to reflect changes in market conditions and the Group's activities. The Group, through its training and management standards and procedures, aims to develop a disciplined and constructive control environment in which all employees understand their roles and obligations.

Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's receivables from customers.

Trade and other receivables

The Group's exposure to credit risk is influenced mainly by the individual characteristics of each customer. The demographics of the company's customer base, including the default risk of the industry and country in which customers operate, has less of an influence on credit risk. Due to the nature of sales (high volume, low value) revenue is attributable to a large number of customers. Geographically there is a concentration of credit risk in the United Kingdom.

The Group has established a credit policy under which each new customer is analysed individually for creditworthiness before the Group's standard payment and delivery terms and conditions are offered. The Group's review includes external ratings where available. Purchase limits are established for each customer; these limits are reviewed regularly.

Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due. The Group's approach to managing liquidity is to ensure, as far as possible, that it will always have sufficient liquidity to meet its liabilities when due, under both normal and stressed conditions, without incurring unacceptable losses or risking damage to the Group's reputation.

Market risk

Market risk is the risk that changes in market prices, such as interest rates will affect the Group's income. The objective of market risk management is to manage and control market risk exposures within acceptable parameters, while optimising the return on risk.

Notes (continued)

25. Financial instruments (continued)

Capital management

There was no change in the Group's approach to capital management during the year. The Group is not subject to externally imposed capital requirements.

The Group's treasury policy has as its principal objective the achievement of the maximum interest rate on any cash balances whilst maintaining an acceptable level of risk.

Financial assets and liabilities

The Group's main financial assets comprise trade receivables arising from the Group's activities and cash at bank.

Other than the bank overdraft, loans and borrowings and trade and other payables, the Group had no financial liabilities within the scope of IAS 39 as at 31 March 2008.

Fair values

The fair value of the Group's financial assets and liabilities is not materially different from their carrying values.

Profit and loss account

Details of finance income and finance expenses are included in note 10.

Credit risk

Financial risk management

Credit risk is the risk of financial loss to the Group if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its contractual obligations, and arises principally from the Group's receivables from customers.

	<i>Carrying amount</i>	
	<i>2008</i>	<i>2007</i>
	<i>£</i>	<i>£</i>
Trade receivables	8,157	3,060
Cash at bank	714	494
	<hr/>	<hr/>
	8,871	3,554
	<hr/>	<hr/>

Exposure to credit risk

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. Therefore, the maximum exposure to credit risk at the balance sheet date was £8,871,000 (2007: £3,554,000) being the total of the carrying amount of financial assets.

Notes (continued)

25. Financial instruments (continued)

Credit quality of financial assets and impairment losses

Trade receivables consist of the following:

	2008 £000	2007 £000
Sales ledger	8,391	3,084
Bad debt provision	(234)	(24)
Net trade receivables	<u>8,157</u>	<u>3,060</u>

Movements in the bad debt provision are summarised below:

	<i>Bad debt provision</i> £000
At beginning of year	24
Provided in year	232
Write offs	(22)
At end of year	<u>234</u>

The allowance account for trade receivables is used to record impairment losses unless the Group is satisfied that no recovery of the amount owing is possible; at that point the amounts considered irrecoverable are written off against the trade receivables directly.

Effective interest rates

In respect of income-earning financial assets and interest-bearing financial liabilities, the following table indicates their effective interest rates at the balance sheet date and the periods in which they mature.

Credit risk

The Group's credit risk policy is to manage its trade receivables by taking credit references and requesting payment in advance should this be considered necessary.

	2008 Interest rate %	Total £000	2007 Interest rate %	Total £000
Cash and cash equivalents	Base-1	714	Base-1	494
Bank overdraft	Base+2	(2,283)	Base+2	(1,096)
Finance lease liabilities	n/a	(334)	n/a	(305)
Bank loan	Base+2	(3,591)	Base+2	(2,220)
Shareholder loan	n/a	(330)	n/a	(1,198)
Mortgage	Base+2	(608)	Base+2	-
Other loans	n/a	(38)	n/a	(44)
		<u>(6,470)</u>		<u>(4,369)</u>

Both cash and cash equivalents and bank overdraft pay interest on a floating rate basis, they reprice continuously. The fair value of the financial assets liabilities is substantially the same as their carrying value.

Notes (continued)

25. Financial instruments (continued)

Liquidity risks

The Group's policy on liquidity risk has been to maintain sufficient cash balances and undrawn facilities to provide flexibility in the management of the Group's liquidity.

26. Operating leases

Non-cancellable operating lease rentals are payable as follows:

	<i>Group</i>		<i>Company</i>	
	<i>2008</i> <i>£000</i>	<i>2007</i> <i>£000</i>	<i>2008</i> <i>£000</i>	<i>2007</i> <i>£000</i>
Less than one year	56	-	6	-
Between one and five years	48	29	10	-
More than five years	38	10	-	-
	<u>142</u>	<u>39</u>	<u>16</u>	<u>-</u>

27. Related parties

Group

Identity of related parties with which the Group has transacted

The Group is controlled by its shareholders.

The Company had a related party relationship with its subsidiaries and with its Directors and executive officers.

Transactions with key management personnel

Directors of the Company and their immediate relatives control 41 per cent of the voting shares of the Company.

The compensation of key management personnel (including the Directors) is as follows:

	<i>Group</i>	
	<i>2008</i> <i>£000</i>	<i>2007</i> <i>£000</i>
Key management emoluments excluding social security costs	<u>471</u>	<u>147</u>

Notes (continued)

27. Related parties (continued)

Directors' loans existed as follows:

	2008 £000
Loan from GSL Forrest	
Balance at start of year	168
Balance at end of year	2
Maximum balance outstanding during the year	168
Loan from JP Pither	
Balance at start of year	931
Balance at end of year	278
Maximum balance outstanding during the year	931
Loan from SM Roberts	
Balance at start of year	49
Balance at end of year	49
Maximum balance outstanding during the year	49
Loan from K Soulsby	
Balance at start of year	50
Balance at end of year	-
Maximum balance outstanding during the year	50

The loans are unsecured, non-interest bearing and repayable on demand, subject to prior repayment of the loans and revolving credit facility term.

The Company made several acquisitions during the year. Certain of the Directors of Northern Bear plc received shares in the Company in exchange for their shareholdings in the acquired companies as disclosed in the table below:

	Chirmarn Holdings Limited	Jennings Properties Limited
D Jay	540,000	-
GR Jennings	-	814,569

In addition the following transactions were undertaken with entities which the directors have a vested interest.

	McInnes Corporate Finance LLP £000	Mincoffs Solicitors LLP £000	St Helens Private Equity Plc £000	Total £000
Balance as at beginning of period	(3)	-	(21)	(24)
Purchases	(219)	(162)	(15)	(396)
Settled	213	162	36	411
Balance as at end of period	(9)	-	-	(9)

Notes (continued)

27. Related parties (continued)

SM Roberts, a Non-Executive Director, is a member of McInnes Corporate Finance LLP, which provided financial advice to the Group throughout the period.

HB Gold, a Non-Executive Director, is a member of Mincoffs Solicitors LLP. Mincoffs Solicitors LLP are the Group's legal advisors and provided legal advice to the Group throughout the period.

JP Pither, Chairman, is a Director of St Helens Captial PLC, who were retained as the Group's Brokers during the period.

The above balances are included within trade creditors.

28. Subsequent events

On 1 April 2008 the Company acquired the entire issued share capital of DJ McGough Limited and A1 Industrial Trucks Limited for a combined consideration of £7.2 million.

29. Explanation of transition to Adopted IFRSs

As stated in note 2, these are the Group's first consolidated financial statements prepared in accordance with Adopted IFRS.

The accounting policies set out in note 3 have been applied in preparing the financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2008 and the comparative information presented in those financial statements.

In preparing its comparative information, the Group has adjusted amounts reported previously in financial statements prepared in accordance with its old basis of accounting (UK GAAP). An explanation of how the transition from UK GAAP to Adopted IFRSs has affected the Group's financial position and performance is set out in the following tables and the notes that accompany them.

Notes (continued)

29. Explanation of transition to Adopted IFRS (continued)

Reconciliation of Consolidated Income Statement for the period ended 31 March 2007

	UK GAAP	IFRS adjustments goodwill amortisation (a)	Adopted IFRS
	£000	£000	£000
Revenue	4,751	-	4,751
Cost of sales	(3,459)	-	(3,459)
Gross profit	1,292	-	1,292
Other operating income	9	-	9
Administrative expenses	(1,196)	148	(1,048)
Operating profit	105	148	253
Finance income	14	-	14
Finance expenses	(184)	-	(184)
Profit before income tax	(65)	148	83
Income tax expense	(65)	-	(65)
Profit for the period	(130)	148	18

IFRS 3 - Business combinations

Under UK GAAP, the Group amortised the cost of goodwill arising on the acquisition of subsidiaries acquired over its useful life. Under IFRS 3, goodwill on acquisition is no longer amortised, but is held at its carrying value at the acquisition date and is then subject to impairment review at each reporting date.

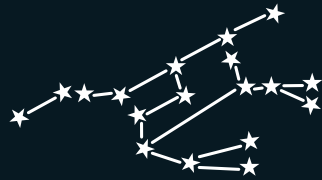
The Group has restated the value of goodwill in its balance sheet to that at the acquisition date and has carried out an impairment review as at 31 March 2007. The impact has been to increase reported profit by £148,000 in the period from incorporation to 31 March 2007, which relates to the reversal of goodwill amortisation.

Notes (continued)

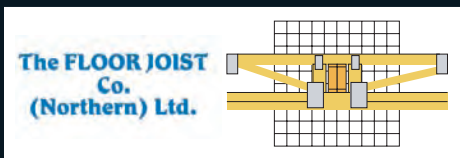
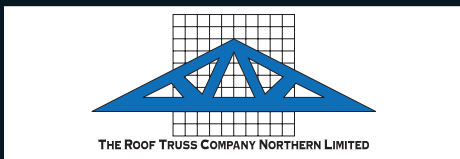
29. Explanation of transition to Adopted IFRSs (continued)

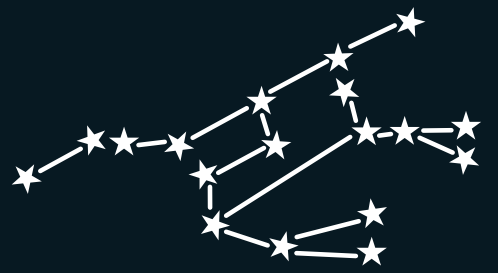
Reconciliation of consolidated balance sheet at 31 March 2007

	UK GAAP	IFRS adjustments goodwill amortisation (a)	Adopted IFRS
	£000	£000	£000
Assets			
Property, plant and equipment	1,718	-	1,718
Intangible assets	12,266	148	12,414
Other investments	11	-	11
Total non-current assets	13,995	148	14,143
Inventories	197	-	197
Trade and other receivables	3,990	-	3,990
Prepayments	185	-	185
Cash and cash equivalents	494	-	494
Total current assets	4,866	-	4,866
Total assets	18,861	148	19,009
Equity			
Share capital	120	-	120
Share premium	1,479	-	1,479
Merger reserve	7,971	-	7,971
Retained earnings	(102)	148	46
Total equity attributable to equity holders of the parent	9,468	148	9,616
Liabilities			
Loans and borrowings	3,090	-	3,090
Deferred income	50	-	50
Deferred tax liabilities	52	-	52
Total non-current liabilities	3,192	-	3,192
Bank overdraft	1,096	-	1,096
Loans and borrowings	677	-	677
Trade and other payables	2,885	-	2,885
Current tax payable	952	-	952
Deferred consideration	591	-	591
Total current liabilities	6,201	-	6,201
Total liabilities	9,393	-	9,393
Total liabilities and equity	18,861	148	19,009



Northern Bear





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